Countdown to 2015: Trends in RMNCH Financing

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Countdown Tracking and Methods

- In collaboration with the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Health, CD has been tracking Official Development Assistance (ODA) for Child Health (CH) and Maternal and Newborn Health (MNH) since 2003.

- ODA+ (ODA + Gates) for 75 CD priority countries and all recipient countries from all donors reporting to the CRS.

- The 2014 CD Report includes ODA+ data up to 2011; This presentation includes analysis of up to 2012 ODA+ data.

- Analysis includes donor funding to maternal, newborn, child health (MNCH) and reproductive health activities (R*)

- Manual coding of all aid disbursements in the CRS of OECD based on CRS-stated purpose.
ODA+ for RMNCH

- ODA+ for RMNCH is about **8.6%** of total ODA+
  - ODA+ for MNCH is **5.6%** of total ODA+, and **38.8%** of ODA+ for health
  - ODA+ for R* is **3.0%** of total ODA+, and **20.9%** of ODA+ for health
- Aid to RMNCH is about $12.2B in 2011 and $12.8B in 2012
  - 2010-2011 increase = **11.8%**
  - 2011-2012 increase = **5.0%**
- Aid to maternal, newborn, and child health accounted for over **65%** of RMNCH; aid to R* accounted for **35%** of RMNCH
Trends in ODA+ for MNH, CH, and R*
Recent trends in ODA+ for MNCH and R*  
(all donors to all recipients worldwide)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011 (USD, billion)</th>
<th>2012 (USD, billion)</th>
<th>% change in 2011</th>
<th>% change in 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MNCH</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>+5.9%</td>
<td>+10.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MNH</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>-7.9%</td>
<td>+18.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>+12.0%</td>
<td>+7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R*</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>+22.8%</td>
<td>-3.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Official development assistance for maternal, newborn and child health in the 75 Countdown priority countries was $5.3 billion in 2011

- **Bilateral agencies, 54%**
- **Global Health Initiatives, 24%**
- **Multilateral agencies, 22%**

*Source: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development’s Development Assistance Committee’s Creditor Reporting System Aid Activities Database*
Official development assistance for R* in the 75 Countdown priority countries was $3.0 billion in 2011

- Bilateral agencies, 75%
- Global Health Initiatives, 17%
- Multilateral agencies, 6%

Source: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development’s Development Assistance Committee’s Creditor Reporting System Aid Activities Database
Ten *Countdown* countries received just under half of total ODA+ for maternal, newborn and child health in 2012.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pakistan</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethiopia</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Congo, Dem. Rep.</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tanzania</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Afghanistan</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenya</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uganda</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source:* Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development’s Development Assistance Committee’s Creditor Reporting System Aid Activities Database
Six *Countdown* countries received half of ODA+ to R* in 2012 (includes ODA for HIV/AIDS related programs)

- South Africa: 11%
- Kenya: 11%
- Nigeria: 8%
- Uganda: 8%
- Tanzania: 7%
- Ethiopia: 5%
- Other: 50%

*Source: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development’s Development Assistance Committee’s Creditor Reporting System Aid Activities Database*
Are aid disbursements responding to need?

- Analyzed association between ODA+ and child, maternal and newborn, and R* with country-level measures of need for 2005, 2010, and 2012
- Aid flows are positively associated with need, but the strength of the association declines across all three models in 2012 relative to 2010
- Aid continues to be targeted to countries with higher levels of need, but there was no evidence of improvement between 2010 and 2012 for RMNCH funding
National expenditure on health in *Countdown* countries

- For the first time, the 2014 *Countdown* country profiles include the COIA recommended resource indicator on RMNCH by source of funding to track both domestic and external financial commitments.

- Only 4 of the 75 Countdown countries can report completely and 2 countries partially on recommended financing indicator.

- 18 countries report to be developing these financial indicators and 25 countries report to be in the planning phase.

- Limited data are available to assess the effects of OOP payments for health and RMNCH specifically.
## Different Reports Use Different Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>RMNCH funding</th>
<th>MNCH funding</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Countdown*</td>
<td>PMNCH*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>9.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>9.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>10.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010-2011 growth rate</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011-2012 growth rate</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*75 countdown priority countries from the 31 consistent set of donors
** all countries receiving aid worldwide
Conclusions

- Overall aid decreased in 2011 and increased marginally in 2012, but aid to RMNCH increased during the same period.

- R* remains primarily funding for HIV/AIDS; however, there has been a surge in funding for family planning since 2011, mainly due to the U.S.

- The mode of delivering aid has shifted over time from multilateral to bilateral channels, which can result in greater volatility in aid disbursements.

- Continued increases in ODA and in-country investments are needed in order to accelerate towards MDGs 4 and 5.
Thank you

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